

The year was 1955.

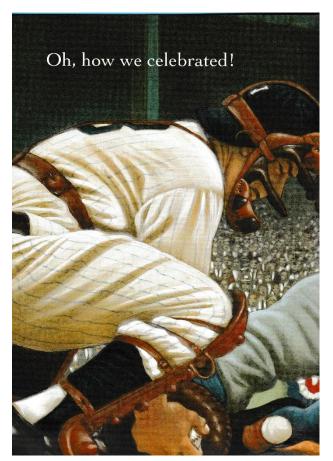
Dad was in his ninth season with the Brooklyn Dodgers, and for the third time in four years, they faced the New York Yankees in the World Series!

When my father stole home

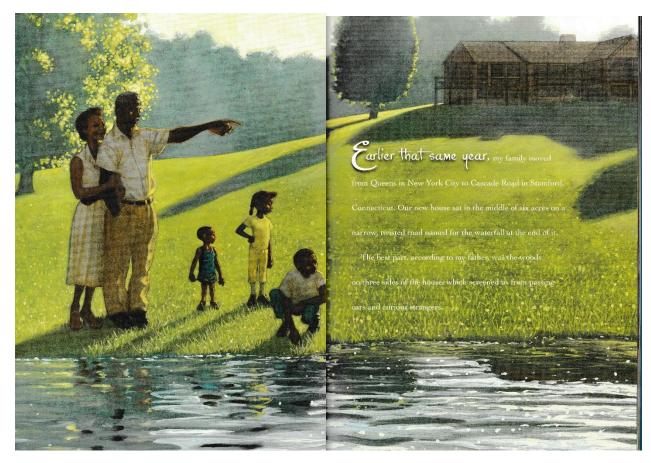
in the first game, Yogi Berra,
the Yankee catcher, screamed,
"He's out!"

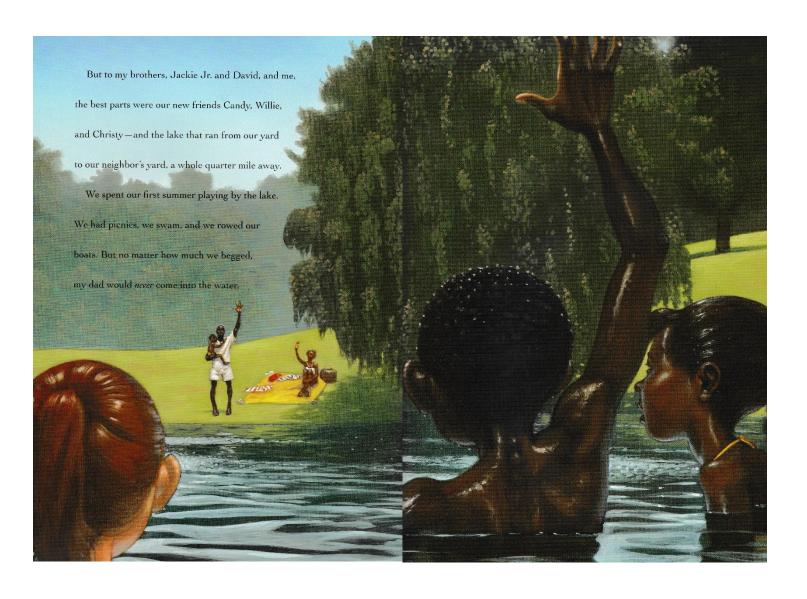
The umpire, however, shouted, He's safe!"

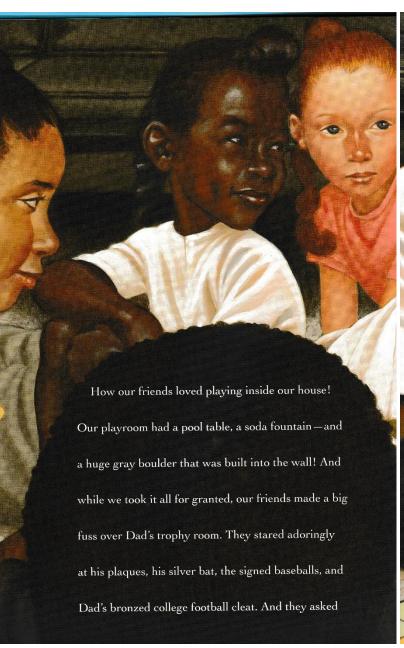
It took seven games, but the Brooklyn Dodgers finally beat the New York Yankees!

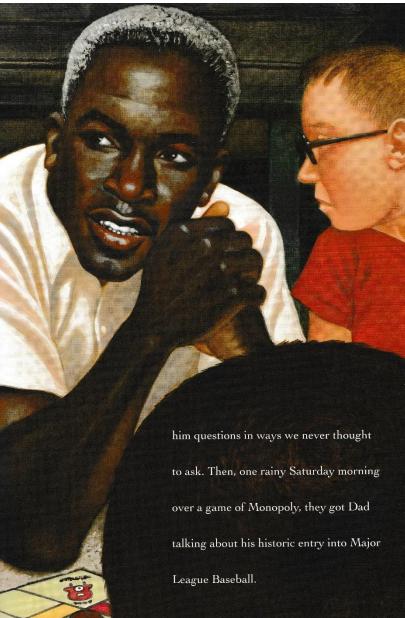








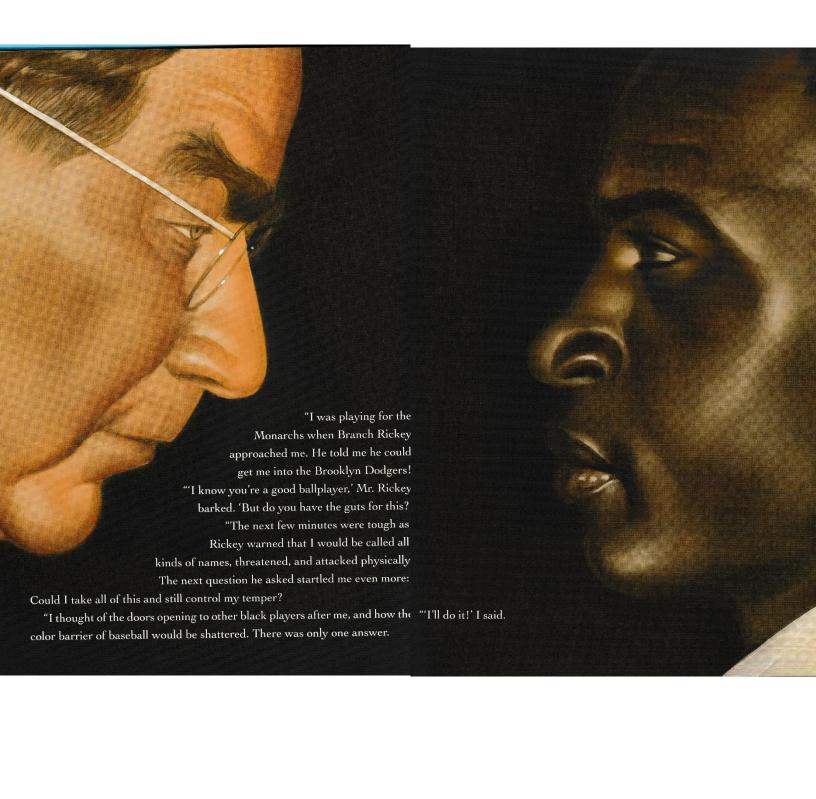


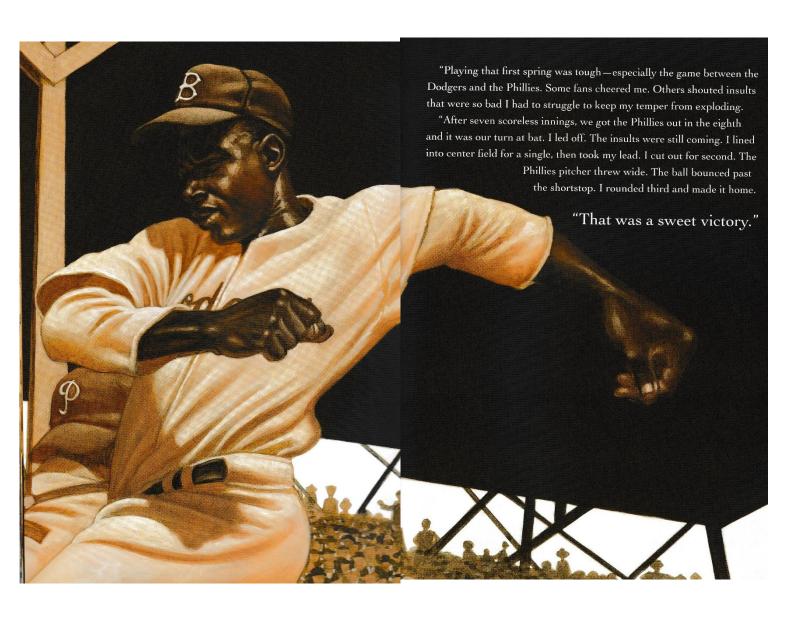


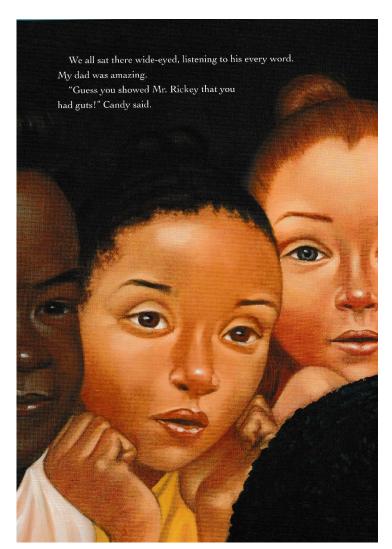
"Baseball, like most of America, was segregated," Dad began. "Major League Baseball was for whites only. Black- and brown-skinned players had to play in the Negro Leagues. Some of the greatest baseball players were not white. They were denied entry into the major leagues—just because of the color of their skin.

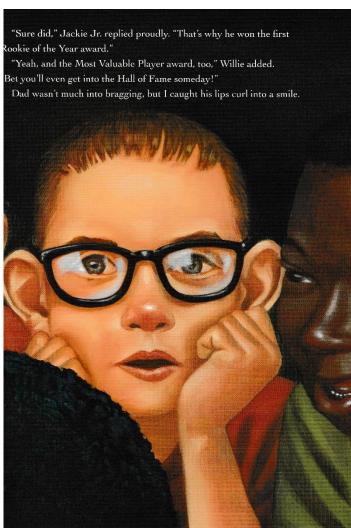
"Finding food worth eating or a restaurant to serve us was a daily problem. In many places we played, there was no hotel that allowed blacks. That was just the way things were in 1945, and no one expected them to change.

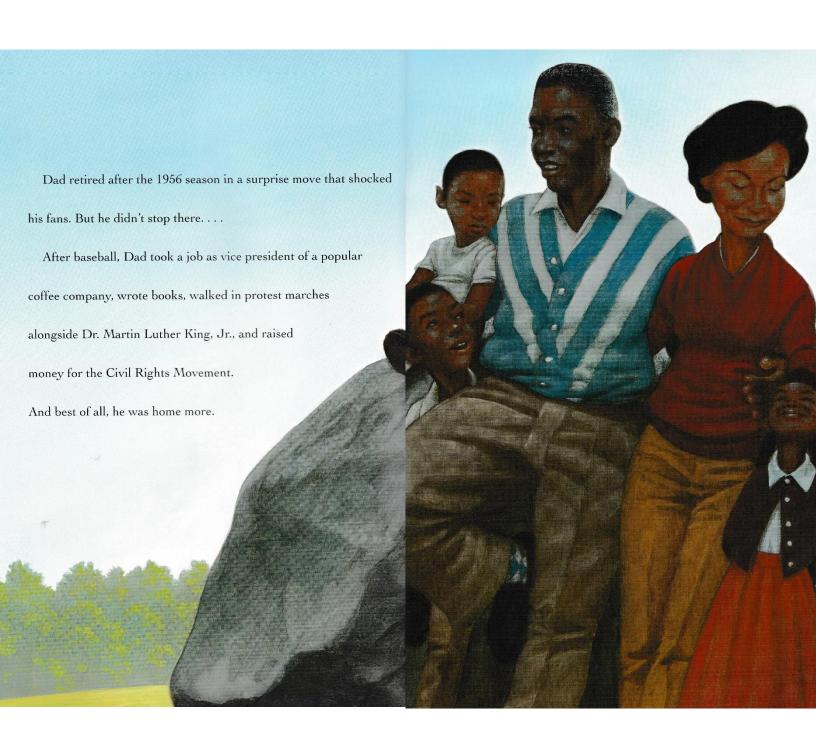


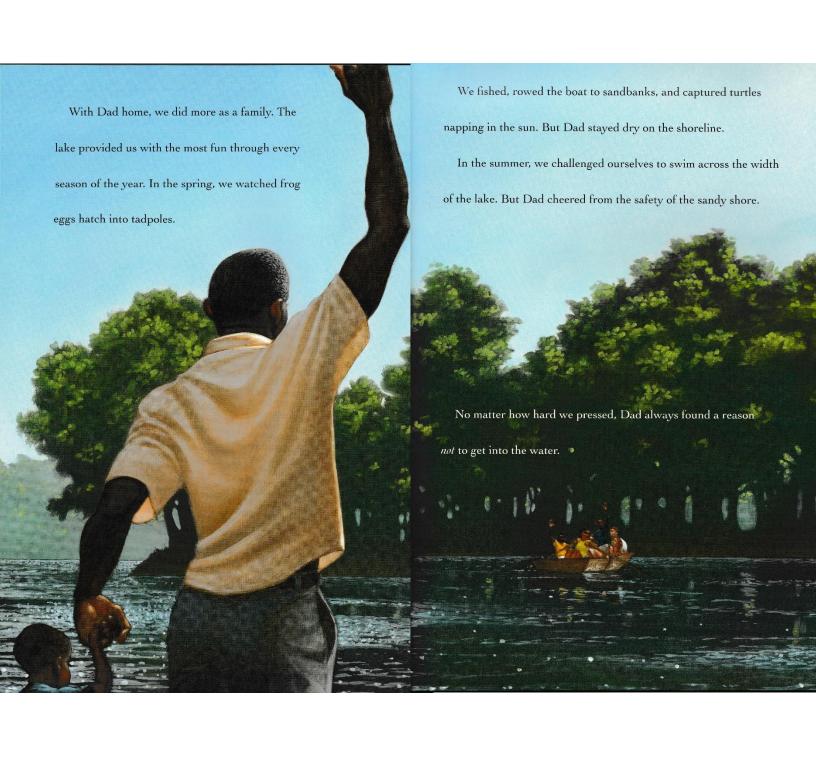


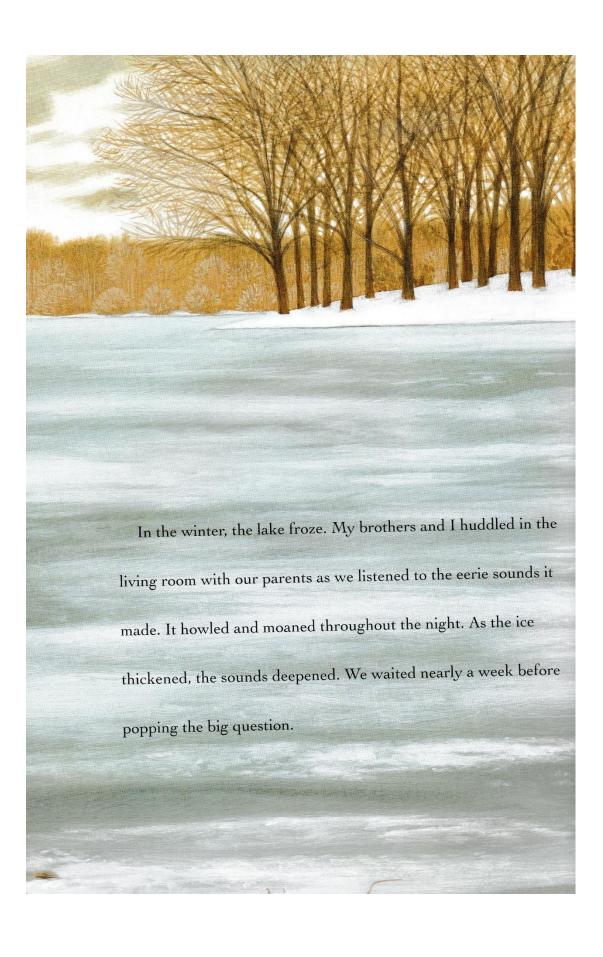


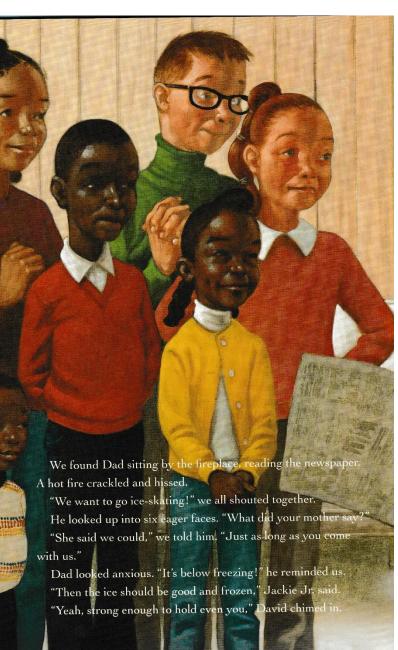


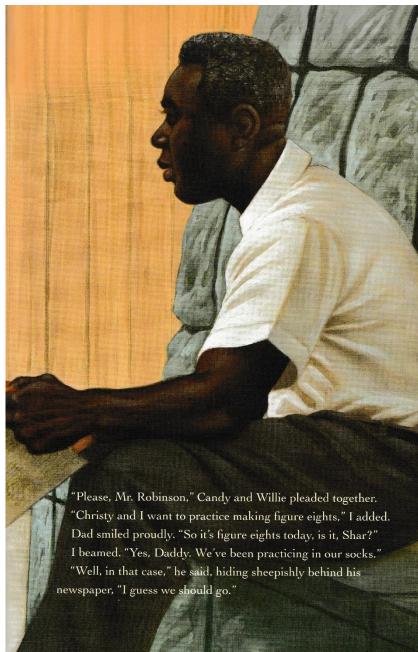


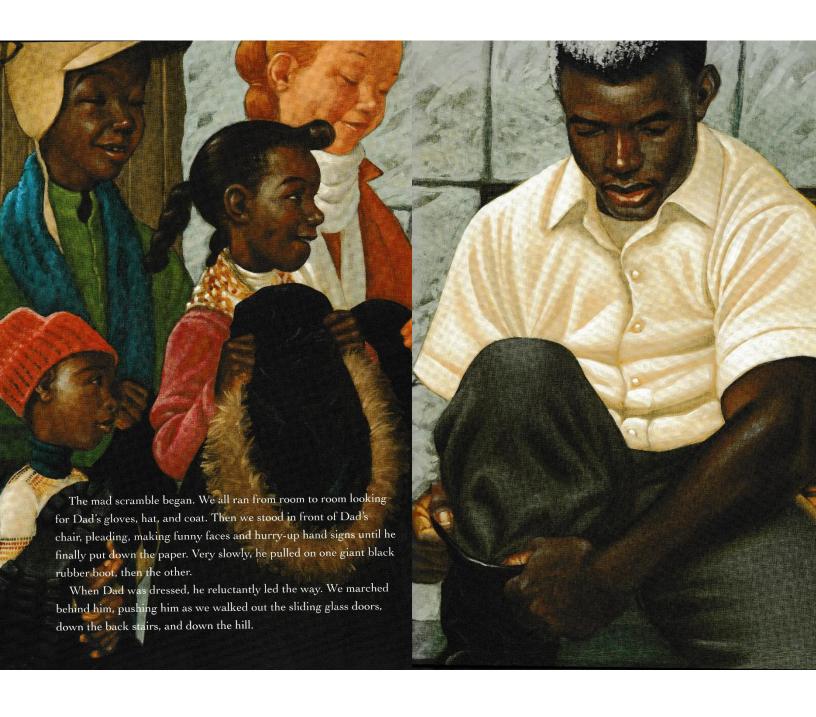








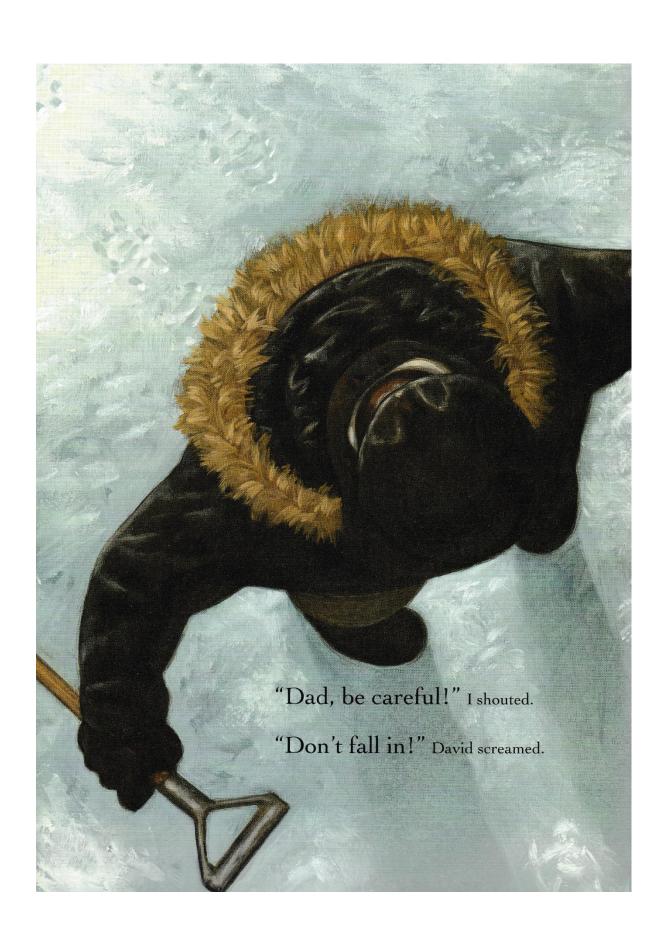




When we reached the edge of the lake, Dad turned to us and said, "Wait!" Jackie, David, Candy, Willie, Christy, and I came to an abrupt halt. Then he ran to the house and returned with a shovel and a broomstick.

As we lined up along the lake's edge, Dad eased onto the snow-covered ice.





I grabbed Christy's mittened hand and squeezed.

"What's wrong?" she whispered.

"I'm scared," I replied, as the reality suddenly dawned on me. "My dad can't swim."

Jackie Jr. twisted the cord attached to his sled.

David, Candy, and Willie stepped closer to the edge of the lake.

Dad went farther out. The ice crackled beneath his feet. He took another step, then cleared the snow from his path with the shovel. From the cleared spot he was able to tell how thick the ice was. Before he placed one big foot in front of the other, he tapped the ice with his broomstick, testing it for weaknesses or cracks.

Tap, tap, tap. Dad took a few steps forward.

Tap, tap, tap. Then he took a few more steps.

But just as he was about to pronounce the ice safe -

B00000M!

A terrible noise roared from below the ice.

"Dad!" I shrieked. I was sure the ice was going to open up and swallow him!

Jackie Jr. stood ready to shove his sled to Dad. David, Candy, and Willie inched closer to my brother.

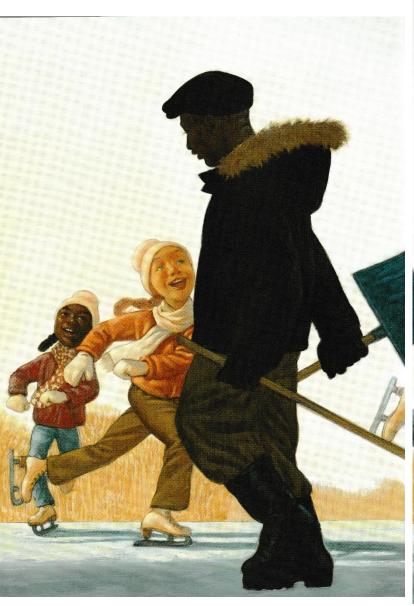
We waited for what seemed like forever.

"It was just an air bubble!" Dad called

to us, as the sound moved down the lake.

Dad took a few more steps, tapping as he moved to the deepest part of the lake. He stopped, gave one last tap with his stick, then turned to us and called out,

"It's safe! Put on your skates!"

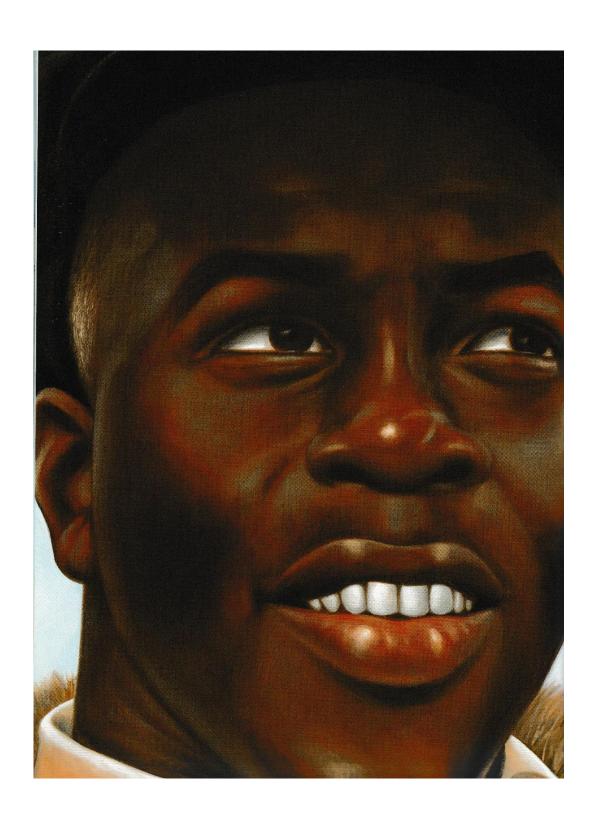


We cheered as loudly as we could, and we skated circles around

Dad as he walked back onto solid ground. All I could think was:

My dad is the bravest man alive.





ow, years have passed, and we

understand even more how much courage it took for
my father to step out on that ice. In fact, Dad showed
the same courage on the ice that day as he did when he
broke the color barrier in baseball. No one really knew
what would happen. But he felt his way along an untried
path—like a blind man tapping for clues.

That was Jackie Robinson. And that was my dad.

Big, heavy, out there alone on the lake, testing the ice to be sure it would be safe for us.

And he did it—even though he couldn't swim!

AUTHOR'S NOTE

Until April 15, 1947, Major League Baseball, like much of America, was racially segregated. In baseball, there were no "Jim Crow" laws dictating behavior and supporting the supremacy of one race over another. Instead, there were team owners who set policies and kept blacks and whites playing baseball in separate leagues.

In 1945, Branch Rickey, president of the Brooklyn Dodgers, decided to break the color barrier. This was before President Truman integrated the military, and seven years before the desegregation of schools. After a major search, Mr. Rickey selected Jackie Robinson to pioneer this effort. Robinson was a college-educated man who had lettered in four sports at UCLA—football, baseball, basketball, and track and field—and had played one season with the Negro League team the Kansas City Monarchs.

When Jack Roosevelt Robinson stepped onto the grass of Ebbets Field dressed in Dodger blue, the rule was broken. It was his extraordinary performance and undaunting spirit, in spite of physical and verbal abuse, that kept the doors open. It took thirteen long seasons, but eventually every team had at least one black player on its roster. In those thirteen years, the former Negro Leaguers made an indelible mark on baseball—accounting for six Rookie of the Year awards, nine MVP awards, five home run titles, four batting titles, and a Cy Young Award for Don Newcombe in 1956.

Today, Major League Baseball is reflective of the diverse world we live in. There are still many challenges, like how to get and keep urban kids playing the game and how to rebuild the numbers of African Americans in the majors. But as history has taught us, the struggle for justice and equality is ongoing.